

Student Name: _____	Grade: _____
Date: _____	Score: _____

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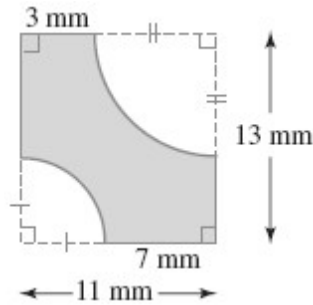
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1 Year 8 Term 4 Week 2 Homework

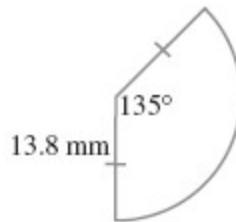
1.1 Circles and Cylinders

1.1.1 Circumference of a circle

Exercise 1.1.1 Find in term of π the exact perimeter of each figure:

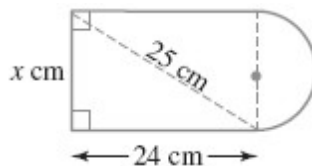


1. Perimeter = _____



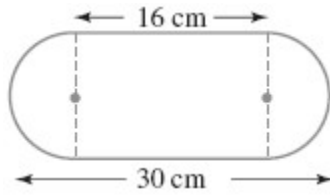
2. Perimeter = _____

3. Find the value of x and hence calculate the perimeter of the figure.

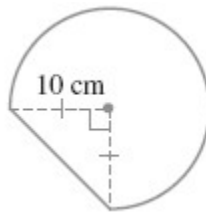


1.1.2 Area of a circle

Exercise 1.1.2 Find the total area in each of these, correct to 1 decimal place.

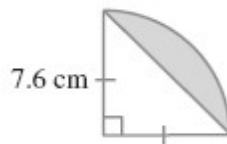


1. Area = _____



2. Area = _____

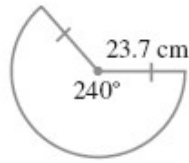
3. Find the area of shaded part. Area = _____



1.1.3 Area of a sector

Exercise 1.1.3 Find the area of each of the following figures:

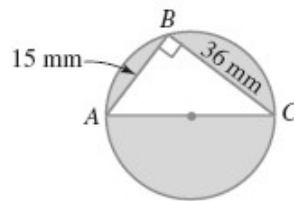
1. Calculate the area of the sector, correct to 2 decimal places.



2. Find the area in terms of π .



3. Find the length of the diameter AC and hence find the shaded area of the figure, correct to 1 decimal place.



1.1.4 Volume of a cylinder

The volume of a cylinder is given by the formula:

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

where **r** is the length of the radius and **h** is the height of the cylinder.

Exercise 1.1.4 Find, correct to 1 decimal place, the volume of a cylinder with:

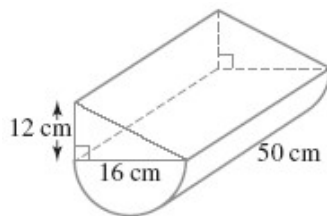
1. radius 21 mm and height 8.5 mm

2. radius 3.5 cm and height 7.1 cm

3. diameter 12.5 cm and height 15.4 cm

4. diameter 18 mm and height 15.4 mm

Exercise 1.1.5 Calculate the total volume of following figure, correct to 2 decimal places.



1.2 Linear relationships

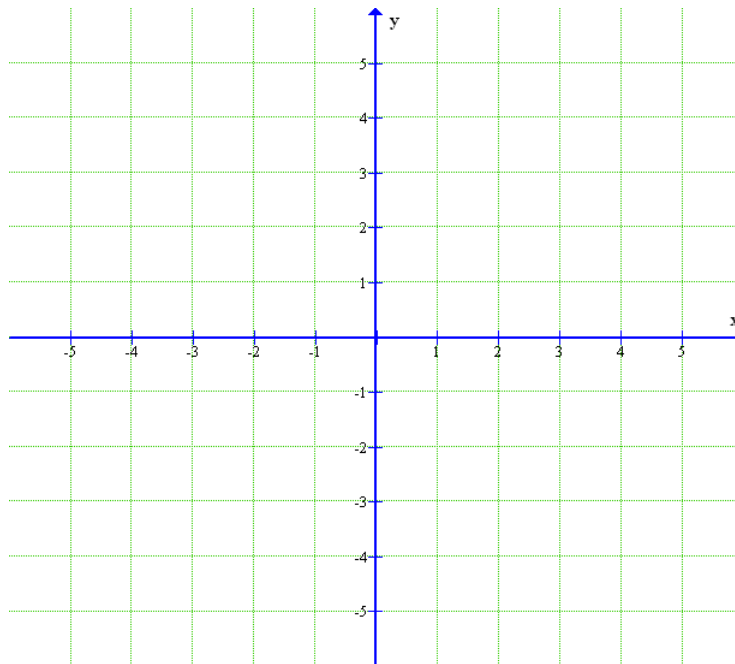
1.2.1 The number plane

- The number plane is divided into four quadrants by two perpendicular lines called the x-axis and the y-axis.
- The position of a point is given as an ordered pair or a pair of co-ordinates (x, y)

Exercise 1.2.1 Write down the co-ordinate of the point that is:

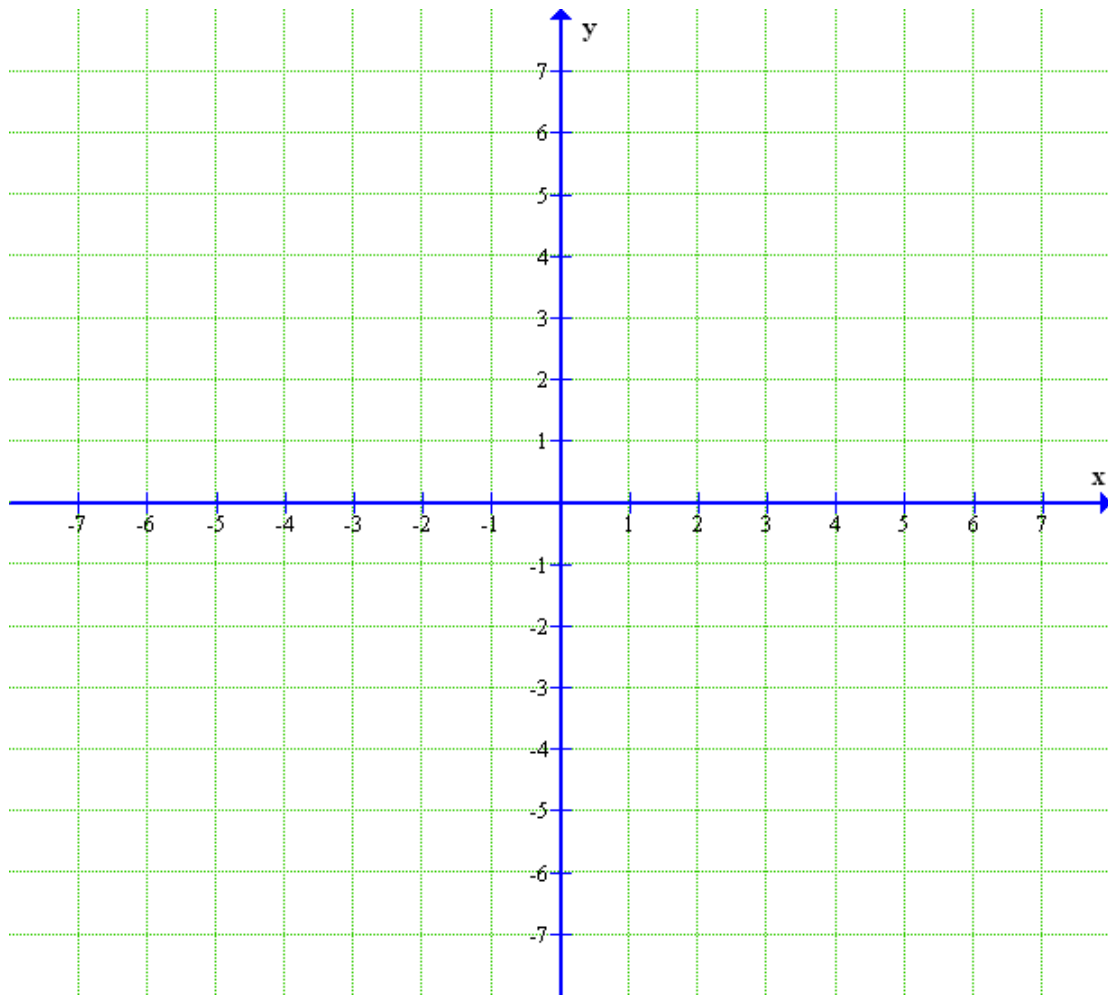
1. 4 unit above (-3, -5) _____
2. 6 unit to the right of (-4, -1) _____
3. 5 unit below (-3, 2) _____
4. 7 unit left of (0, 3) _____

Exercise 1.2.2 Plot the points E(1, 2), F(1, 5), G(4, 5) and H(4, 2) on a number plane, then join the points to form a quadrilateral.



1. What kind of figure is EFGH? _____
2. Find the perimeter of the quadrilateral EFGH.

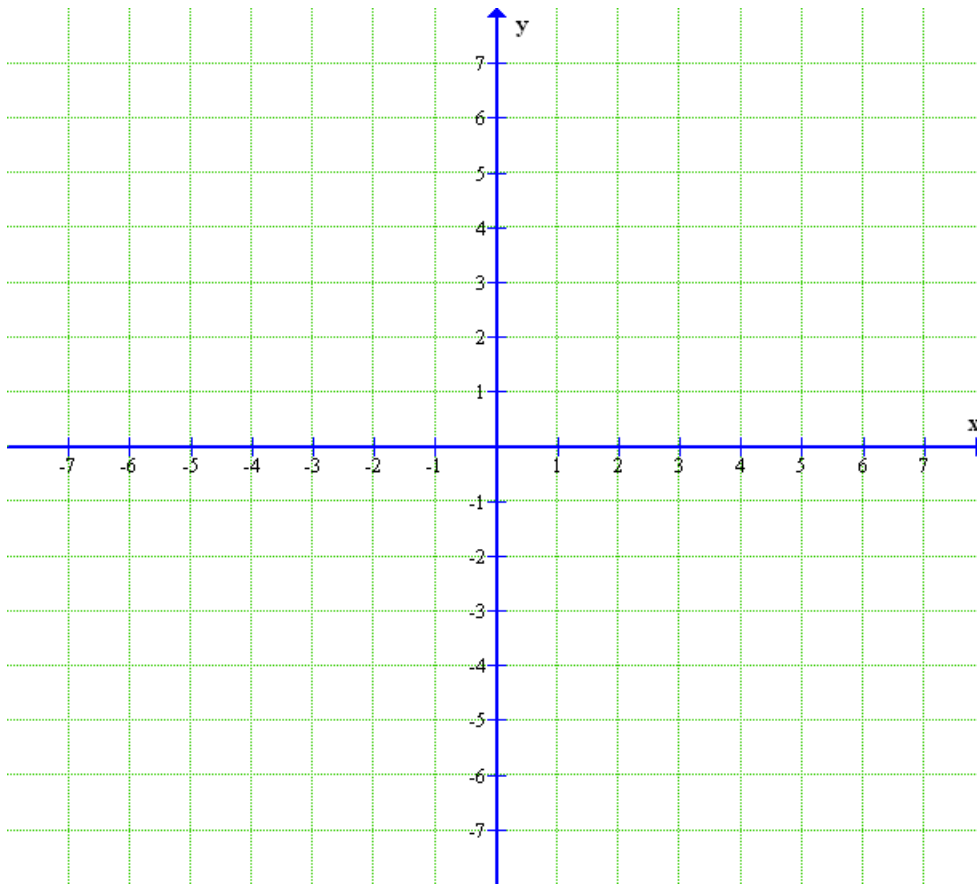
Exercise 1.2.3 Plot the points $A(5, 5)$, $B(1, 3)$ and $C(7, 3)$ on a number plane, then join A to B and B to C .



1. Find the co-ordinates of point D such that $ABCD$ is a parallelogram.

2. Join the diagonals and write down the co-ordinate of their points of intersection.

Exercise 1.2.4 Plot the points A(1, 7), B(6, 4), and C(1, -5) on a number plane, then join the points to form a triangle.



1. Find the length of the base AC.

2. Find the height of $\triangle ABC$

3. Hence, calculate the area of $\triangle ABC$

1.2.2 Straight line graphs

To draw the graph of a straight line:

- draw a table with at least three x values
- substitute each x value from the table into the equation to find the corresponding y value
- plot the points on a number plane
- draw a line through the points, with an arrow at each end.
- label the axes and the graph.

Exercise 1.2.5 Complete each table of values, then graph the equations on the same number plane.

1. $y = 2x$

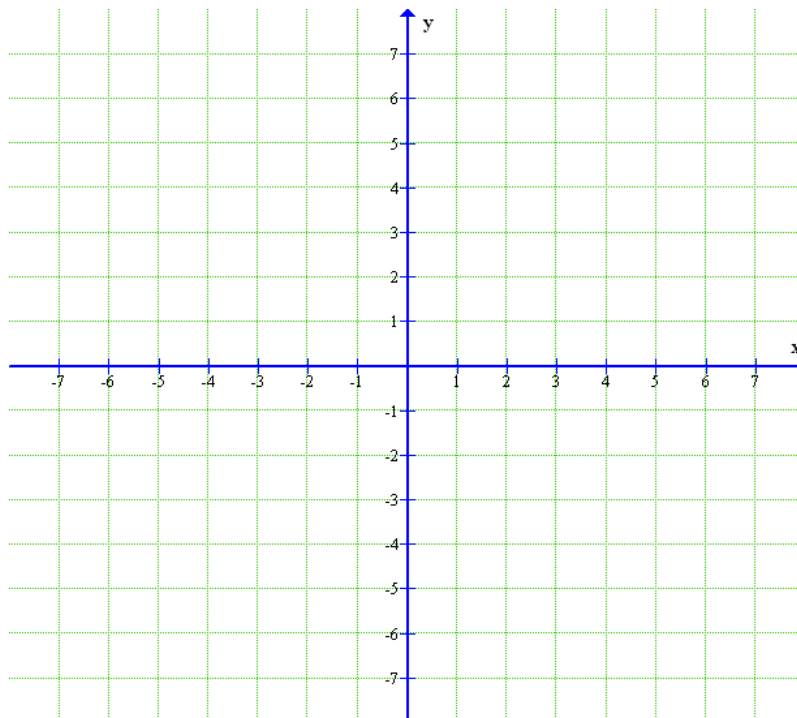
x	-1	0	1	2
y				

2. $y = 2x+2$

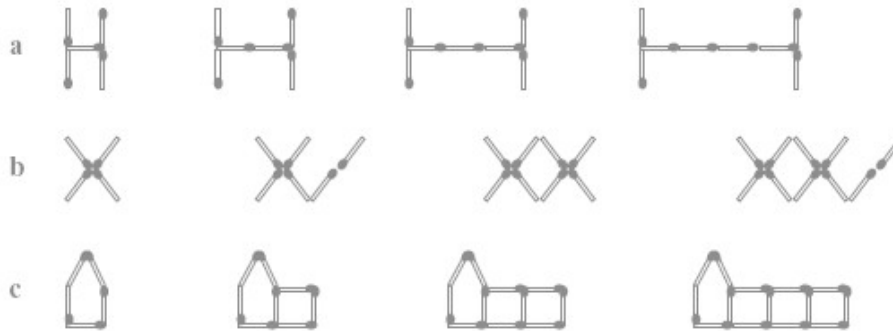
x	-2	-1	0	1
y				

3. $y = x-1$

x	-1	0	1	2
y				



Exercise 1.2.6 Write in words a rule that describes the number of matches needed to form each step in each of these following patterns.



a How many matches would be needed to form the figure in step 20?

b How many matches would be needed to form the figure in step 50?

c How many matches would be needed to form the figure in step 100?

To determine whether a point lies on a given line:

- substitute the co-ordinates of the point into the equation of the line
- if the co-ordinate satisfy the equation, then the point lies on the line.

Exercise 1.2.7 Which point(s) lie on the given line?

1. $y = 5x + 3$; A (2, 13) and B (1, 9) _____
2. $y = 3x - 2$; A (-1, -4) and B (0, 1) _____
3. $y = 2 - 3x$; A (-2, 8) and B (2, 4) _____

1.3 Miscellaneous Exercise

Exercise 1.3.1

1. Solve the following equations:

(a) $\frac{2x-1}{3} = 5x + 2$

(b) $3(2x - 5) - 2(x + 3) = 12$

2. In a certain school the ratio of boys to girls is 12:17. If there are 75 more girls than boys, what is the total number of students in the school?

3. A bag contains 4 red, 6 yellow and 5 green marbles. If a marble is picked at random from the bag, what is the probability of selecting:

(a) a yellow marble? _____

(b) a green or a red marble? _____

(c) first green and second red marbles? _____

4. Given that $F = \frac{mv^2}{r}$, find the value of m when $F = 24$, $v = 4$ and $r = 8$.

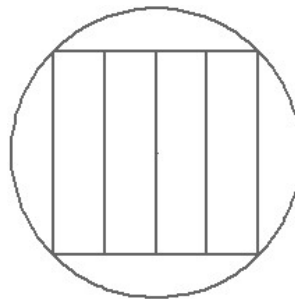
5. In a class of less than 40 students there are exactly 20% more girls than boys. How many girls are there?

1.4 Maths Challenge

Exercise 1.4.1

1. If $\frac{a-b}{a+b} = \frac{3}{7}$, what is the value of $\frac{a^3}{b^3}$?

2. The figure shown below is a square circumscribed by a circle. If this square is divided into four equal rectangles and each rectangle has perimeter 25 cm, find the area of the circle, give your answer in term of π .



3. The figure shown below is a semi-circle and 2 quarters of circle inside a 12 cm by 6 cm rectangle. If the total area of the shaded part is $\pi x \text{ cm}^2$, what is the value of x ?

